Worksheet 6E

Manipulation of algebraic formulae

1. In each of the following, make the letter in the square brackets the subject of the formula.

(a)
$$y = 7p + 4q$$

(b)
$$ax + by = c$$

(c)
$$hk = abc$$

(d)
$$pq^3 = \frac{3}{4}mn$$

(e)
$$x = \frac{4p - 5q}{8}$$

$$[p] (f) y = \frac{ab}{x-c}$$

(g)
$$S = \frac{n}{2}(2a+l)$$

(h)
$$D = b^2 - 4ac$$

(i)
$$v^2 = u^2 + 2gs$$

[*u*] (j)
$$L = \frac{gT^2}{4\pi^2}$$

$$(k) y = \sqrt{ax^2 + b}$$

[a] (1)
$$x + y = \sqrt[3]{6p+q}$$

(m)
$$hx = kx + c$$

[x] (n)
$$V - r^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

(o)
$$xy = a(x - 6)$$

[x] (p)
$$\pi(a+b) = \frac{b}{kc}$$

(q)
$$x = \frac{a(b-3)}{3+b}$$

[b] (r)
$$h = \frac{2k^2}{h - k^2}$$

(s)
$$\frac{m}{n} = \frac{an+bn}{m}$$

[n] (t)
$$\frac{1}{4p} + \frac{2}{5q} = \frac{3}{r}$$

(u)
$$a\sqrt{x} + b = p\sqrt{x} + a$$

(u)
$$a\sqrt{x} + b = p\sqrt{x} + q$$
 [x] (v) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{m}{n} - \frac{an^3}{m^3}} = b$

(w)
$$x^2 + 2xy = 1 - y^2$$

[y] (x)
$$\frac{c}{x} - \frac{b^2 y^2}{ax} = \frac{1}{9} ax(a^2 x^2 - 6by)$$
 [b]

2. The total surface area, A units², of a solid is given by $A = 3\pi a(6a + b)$. Make b the subject of the formula.

- 3. It is given that $h = \frac{1}{4}k(a^2 b^2)$.
 - (i) Find *h* when a = 8, b = -6 and k = 5.
 - (ii) Express b in terms of a, h and k.

- 4. It is given that $s = ut \frac{1}{2}gt^2$.
 - (i) Find *s* when u = 4, t = 1 and g = 10.
 - (ii) Express g in terms of s, u and t.

5. Rearrange the formula $y = \frac{x^2 + a}{x^2 - b}$ to make x the subject.

6. Rearrange the formula $\frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} = \frac{1}{c^2}$ to make *b* the subject.

7. The time, T s, taken by a pendulum for one complete oscillation is given by $T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{L+r}{g}}$, where L is the length of the pendulum, r is the radius of the small metal ball attached and g is a constant. Express L in terms of π , g, r and T.

- 8. The equation of a circle is $(x a)^2 + (y b)^2 = r^2$, where r is the radius and (a, b) are the coordinates of the centre of the circle.
 - (i) Write down the equation of a circle with centre at the origin and radius 6 units.
 - (ii) Express y in terms of a, b, r and x.

- **9.** The interest, \$*I*, charged by a bank for a renovation loan is calculated using the formula $I = P\left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^n P$, where \$*P* is the amount borrowed, *R* is the interest rate per year and *n* is the number of years the loan is in force.
 - (i) Find the interest charged if \$30 000 is borrowed at an interest rate of 4% per year for 5 years.
 - (ii) Rearrange the formula $I = P\left(1 + \frac{R}{100}\right)^n P$ to make P the subject.
 - (iii) Using your answer in part (ii), find the amount borrowed for 2 years at an interest rate of 2.5% per year if the total interest charged is \$1460, giving your answer to the nearest \$100.



- **10.** The equation of a straight line is y = mx + c, where m is the gradient and c is the y-intercept.
 - (i) Express m in terms of x, y and c.
 - (ii) Using the fact that the gradient of a line is the ratio of the vertical change to the horizontal change, show how the answer in part (i) may be obtained.